

DATA SHEET

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT SENSOR

UMRR-11 Type 44



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1 USER SAFETY WARNING

Please read the entire document carefully before using the sensor.

INSTALLATION

Please pay attention to the details below before installing and connecting the sensor:

- Only use provided or approved equipment for the installation. Use stainless screws with the given metric thread. If other brackets than those provided are used, screw lengths must be adapted.
- Only skilled and instructed persons shall install and connect the sensor. Proper experience in working with mains voltage, electrical and electronic devices is required.
- Do not connect the sensor directly to the mains voltage; instead use the voltage specified for the product.
- Do not wire any connections when power is applied to the device.
- Ground devices carefully to prevent electrical shock.
- All connectors are pin-coded and fit in only one position. Also note the arrow indicating the top side of the sensor.
- Only use fully functional equipment (ladders, aerial work platform, etc.) when working above ground. Staff shall be capable of working at heights.
- Be cautious when installing the sensor on or around active roadways and pay attention to moving traffic.
- Mount the sensor carefully to prevent it from shifting or dropping.
- The sensor must be mounted to a stiff and solid support. Vibration, oscillation or other movement will reduce the sensor performance.
- Make sure that installation methods are in accordance with local safety policies and procedures as well as company practices.

OPERATION

Do not operate the sensor if the device itself or any cables are damaged.

Transmission of radio frequency waves starts after the sensor is powered up and stops when it is disconnected from power.

Using a J-Box or SRO does not influence the sensor performance. It is recommended that only one connection interface is used at a time.

For testing purposes, the sensor may be laid on its face when it is powered up, given that the surface or connectors will not be damaged this way. Please note that this position is not intended for permanent use.



The sensor may become hot during operation. Proper hand protection is recommended for maintenance work.



Do not dispose electrical and electronic equipment in household trash.

TECHNICAL SERVICE

Only use provided or approved equipment for operation. People other than authorized and approved electrical technicians shall NOT attempt to connect the device to a power supply, the Traffic Management Interface Board (TMIB) or other controllers, as there is a risk of electrical shock by unsafe handling of the power source.

Do not attempt to service or repair this device:

- No user-maintainable parts are contained in the device.
- To avoid electrical shock, do not remove or open the cover.
- Unauthorized opening will void all warranties.
- smartmicro is not liable for any damages or harms caused by unauthorized attempts to open or repair the device.

RADIATION

This product has been tested and found to comply with Part 15 Subpart C of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) or the European RED directive, or other national rules, depending on the country where it may be in use.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This device generates radio frequency energy. There are strict limits on continuous emission power levels to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment.

- Human exposure to transmitted waves from this device is generally considered as safe. Still, it is considered good practice that humans are not subject to higher radiation levels than necessary.

This device may interfere with other devices using the same frequency band.

2 SENSOR SPECIFICATIONS

UMRR-11 Type 44 is a 24GHz radar sensor for multi-lane, multi-object tracking traffic management applications that features 4D/HD technology.

For each smartmicro radar generation, several different antennas are available, so the field of view and maximum range can be selected as needed from the available models. Type 44 antenna aims at medium range and wide horizontal angular coverage.

2.1 MEASUREMENT PRINCIPLE

The sensor measures range, radial speed, horizontal and vertical angle, reflectivity and more parameters of multiple stationary and moving reflectors (targets) simultaneously. It is capable of high definition (4D/HD), where HD resolution means that the sensor can separate objects regarding their speed and their distance to the sensor.

The sensor is almost unaffected by weather, temperature and lighting conditions.

smartmicro radars employ a patented A/B fast chirp-sequence frequency-modulated continuous wave (A/B CS-FMCW) modulation.

FMCW radars can natively separate targets in two dimensions: Range and speed. Transmitting, receiving, and processing a single linear frequency ramp (chirp) enables the radar to detect and separate multiple targets within the radar's field of view.

CS-FMCW radars use multiple chirps as part of one measurement (one radar cycle). The results from multiple chirped range measurements are coherently processed, allowing the radar to measure the Doppler frequency of a target over the measurement time (typically in the order of 10-40ms). High-speed, slow-speed and even stationary targets are detected by the smartmicro radar.

smartmicro's patented A/B CS-FMCW technology then allows for direct unambiguous Doppler measurement (covering the complete specified speed interval) in one single measurement cycle.

The patented waveform and the high-performance signal processing allow to precisely measure the range and the speed of any target and even allow resolving multiple targets that are at the same range from the radar but traveling at different radial velocities or vice versa.

smartmicro radars employ multiple transmit, and receive antennas, adding a spatial component to the measurement process. In addition to range and speed, smartmicro 4D radars can measure the direction of any target separately in Azimuth (horizontal) and Elevation (vertical) angles.

4D/HD MEASUREMENT

A 4D Doppler based radial motion detection principle is integrated:

- a) Direct unambiguous Doppler measurement (speed)
- b) Direct range measurement
- c) Direct azimuth angle measurement (horizontal angle)
- d) Direct elevation angle measurement (vertical angle)

Moving reflectors with an absolute radial speed component of typically $>0.1\text{m/s}$ can be detected as well as stationary objects.

With its multi-target capability, the sensor can *detect* many reflectors within the field of view at a time (max. 128 or 256^1). The field of view typically covers up to six lanes. Additionally, filter algorithms are implemented for the tracking of all detected reflectors over time. Those tracking algorithms are integrated in the sensor. Multiple objects (max. 64 or 126^1) can be *tracked* simultaneously. Depending on the selected communication interface, the number of *reported* targets and objects may be limited, for example when using RS485 interface. Both, targets and objects, are sorted by range; those with short range are reported first.

The result of tracking is an object list with the following parameters:

- X-position
- Y-position
- Absolute velocity
- Heading angle
- Length
- Object ID and more

The sensor reports such a list of all tracked objects in every measurement cycle of typically 75ms or 58ms length (depending on the configuration).

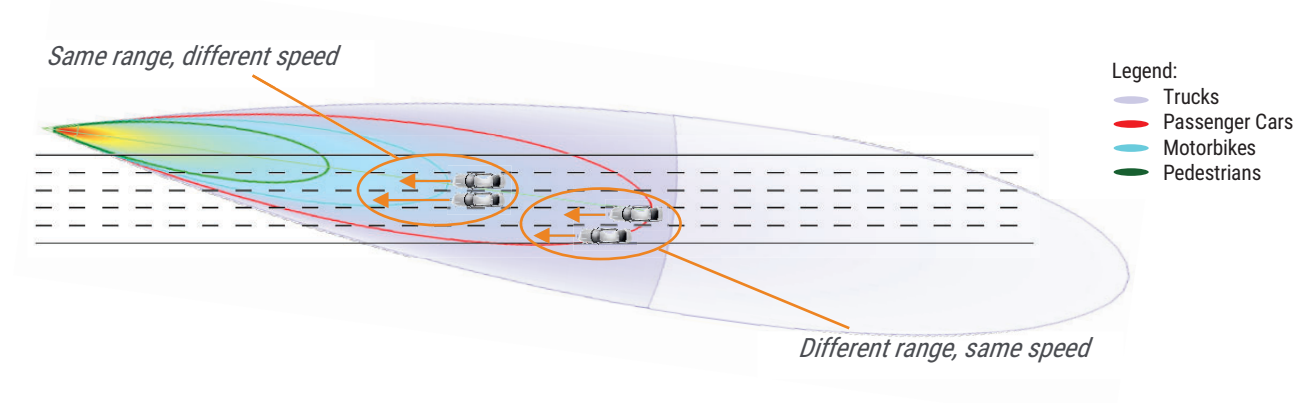
HIGH DEFINITION RESOLUTION - OBJECT SEPARATION PERFORMANCE

The sensor can separate objects even in areas where many vehicles are closely spaced: for example, in multi-lane scenarios with dense traffic like traffic jams, stop-and-go traffic or at busy intersections. The sensor divides the field of view into range gates and performs a Doppler (speed) measurement separate for each individual range gate.

Individual reflectors are separated by detection algorithms if having either:

- A different radial speed value (difference $>0.35\text{m/s}$) or
- A different range value by 2m (6.5ft) or 4.5m (14.7ft) depending on the selected bandwidth

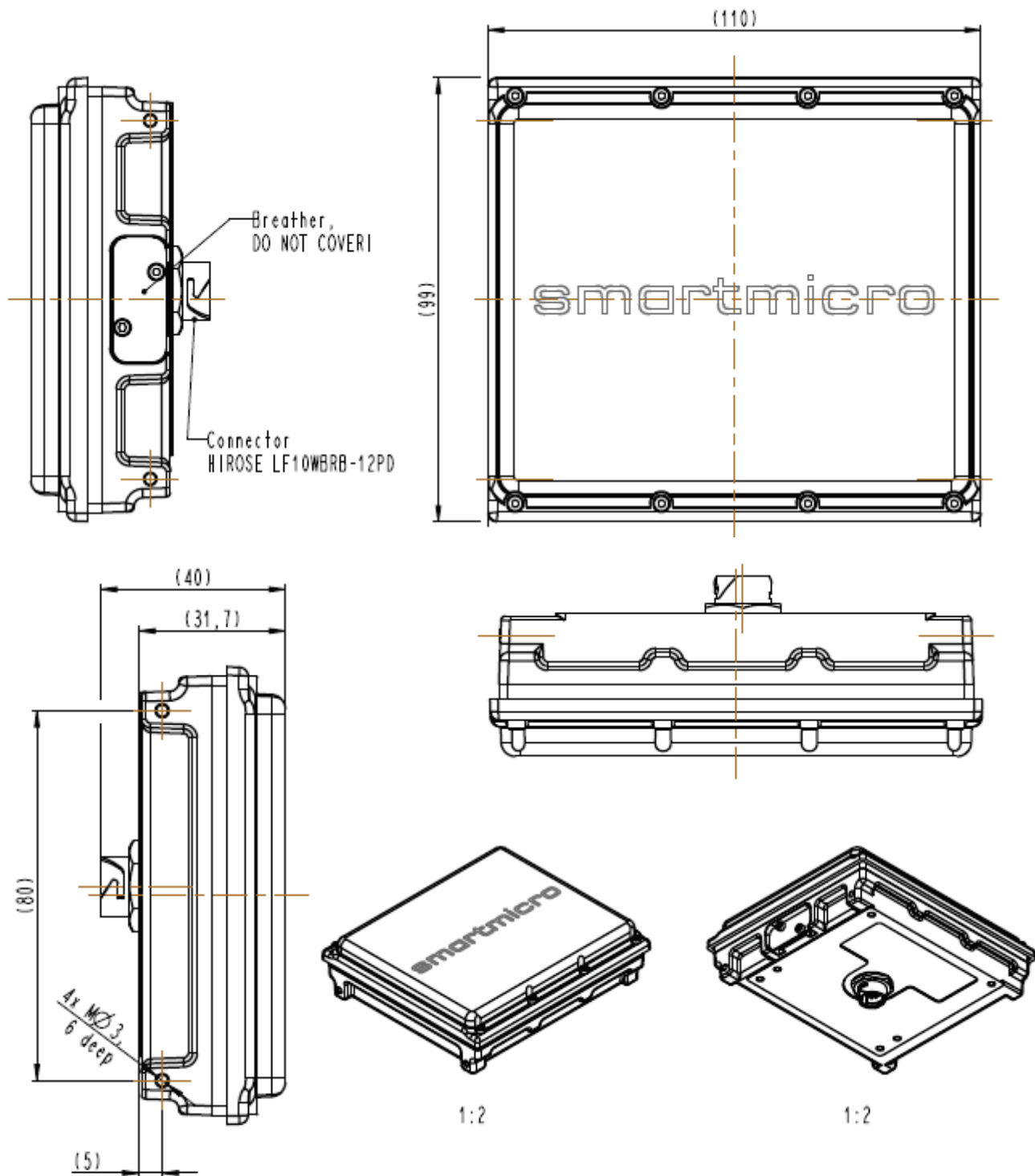
Tracking algorithms and the data base further support the separation of objects:



¹ For this parameter special firmware is needed.

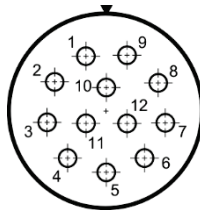
2.2 SENSOR DIMENSIONS

All values are given in mm.



2.3 SENSOR CONNECTOR

The sensor connector is a 12-pin male (plug) circular bayonet type connector (waterproof IP67, series LF10WBRB-12PD, manufacturer Hirose, Japan). A female counterpart (socket), e.g. LF10WBP-12S, must be used to connect with the sensor.



*View on solder cup side of socket showing the pin numbering
(rear view of female counterpart to be connected to sensor)*

Sensor connector pin out model giving pin descriptions:

Pin No.	Function	Wire Color (MEDI type #KU110C12J002)
1	Sensor Ethernet TX H	Gray / red
2	Sensor Ethernet TX L	Red / blue
3	Sensor RS485 RX L	Pink
4	Sensor RS485 RX H	Gray
5	Sensor RS485 TX L	Brown
6	Sensor RS485 TX H	White
7	Sensor_GND	Blue
8	Sensor_Vcc	Red
9	Sensor Ethernet RX L	Black
10	Sensor Ethernet RX H	Purple
11	CAN H	Green
12	CAN L	Yellow

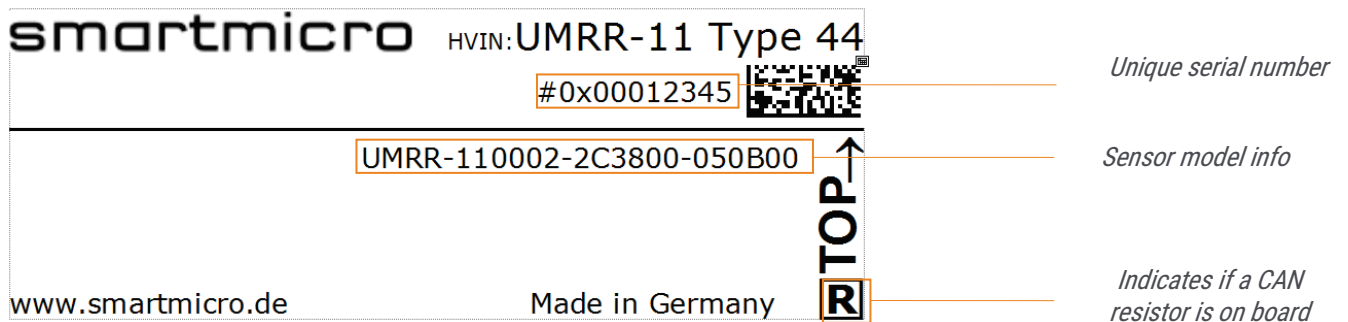
Please note that in the standard configuration the sensor does have a 120 Ohms resistor on board (CAN bus termination between CAN L and CAN H). Likewise, for the RS485 data interface there is a 120 Ohms resistor on board of the sensor. This resistor is required at either end of a CAN / RS485 bus.

Several cable sets for initial operation and test purposes are offered by smartmicro, to deliver a fast set-up of a sensor system. Among those preconfigured ready-to-run cables as well as cable stumps (pig tail cables or various lengths) which carry the connector on one side and open wires on the other.

2.4 SENSOR AND HARDWARE IDENTIFICATION

The sensor housing is tagged with a type sticker containing the product description and the serial number. It also indicates which side of the sensor is the top side.

Sticker example:



Additionally, the DSP board and the RF board have their own unique serial numbers.

If the HVIN shows the letter "A" at the end, it means that the radar has the low power mode activated by default.

3 GENERAL PERFORMANCE DATA

Parameter		Value
Operating Frequency ²		24.0...24.25GHz
Range	Minimum ³	1m 3ft
	Max.: Passenger Car ⁴	140m 459ft (at 20dBm) or 110m 361ft (at 12.7dBm)
	Max.: Truck ⁴	180m 590ft (at 20dBm and 12.7dBm)
	Instrumented	219m 719ft (low bandwidth) or 170m 558ft (high bandwidth)
	Separation ³	2.06m 6.8ft
Accuracy		< ±0.25m < ±0.82ft or ±2.5% (bigger of)
Speed	Min./Max.	-320...+320km/h -199...+199mph
	Separation	0.35m/s 0.78mph
	Accuracy ⁵	< ±0.28m/s; < ±1km/h 0.6mph or ±1% (bigger of)
Angle	Field of View: Azimuth ⁶	-50...+50°
	Field of View: Elevation ⁶	-12...+12°
	Accuracy: Azimuth ⁷	< 1°
	Accuracy: Elevation ⁷	< 1°
Mechanical Details		
Weight		≤ 360g ≤ 12.7oz
Dimensions (H/W/D)		110 x 99 x 31.7mm 4.3 x 3.9 x 1.3in (plus connector)
Further Information		
Initialization Time		< 10s
Processing Latency		2 cycles
Operating Voltage ⁸		8...32V
Power Consumption ⁹		4.5 ... 5.5W
Bandwidth		< 250MHz
Max. Transmit Power (EIRP)		<20dBm
Operating & Storage Temperature		-40...+85°C -40...+185°F
Interfaces ¹⁰		RS485 full duplex; Ethernet 10/100; 1xCAN V2.0b (passive)
Connector		Hirose LF10 series
Shock / Vibration		100g _{rms} / 14g _{rms}
Relative Humidity		0...95% (non-condensing)
IP ¹¹		67
Pressure or Transport Altitude		0...10000m 0...32800ft

² In certain regions, the frequency interval starts at 24.05GHz.

³ Depending on the waveform.

⁴ Typical values; all values given for bore sight; they may vary depending on the clutter environment. Please note that the radar system can neither achieve a detection probability of 100% nor a false alarm rate equal to zero.

⁵ The speed accuracy is measured at bore sight on an object with a constant radial speed.

⁶ The total field of view is an angle interval in which reflectors can be detected; 3dB field of view is narrower.

MOUNTING POSITION

The sensor is usually mounted on a vertical pole at the roadside; no setback is required. Other mounting positions (gantry, mast arm, luminaire) are possible.

START-UP TIME

After powering up or resetting, sensor readings meet the specified performance in <10s.

3.1 SELF-DIAGNOSIS

The sensor cyclically reports a status message providing the following information: sensor run time, sensor cycle time, sensor mode and diagnosis information.

The sensor has a self-diagnosis feature to allow limited fail-safe capabilities, detecting for example:

- Sensor blindness
- Rain
- Misalignment in roll or pitch angle
- Detection and suppression of interference

3.2 SENSOR NETWORK

Sensors are typically used standalone. However, at intersections up to four sensors can be connected to one TMIB (interface board to intersection controllers; available as accessory) using separate configurable frequency channels, which avoid mutual interference.

⁷ Typical value; measured at target output level at bore sight, for a point reflector showing >23dB SNR. Error may increase towards larger angles. In addition to this angle error, angle may drift over temperature, typically -1deg to + 1deg over specified operation temperature interval.

⁸ Measured at the connector.

⁹ Depending on supply voltage and temperature; power consumption increases with supply voltage and with temperature.

¹⁰ It is recommended to use an external surge protection for power, CAN, RS485, Ethernet and other interface ports.

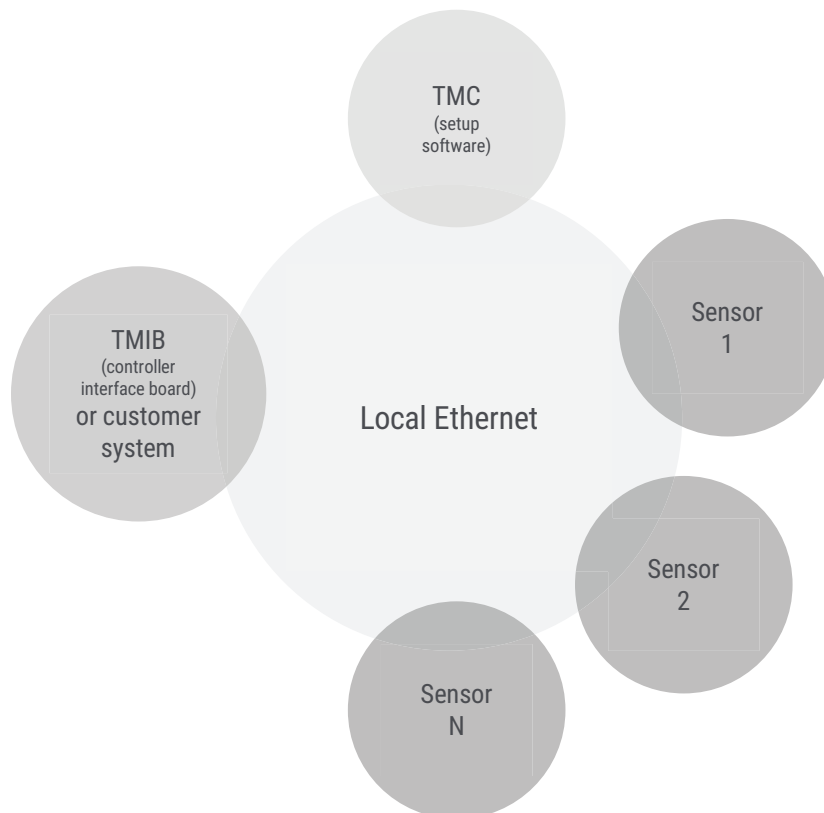
¹¹ IP67 only when connector or cap is attached.

3.3 ETHERNET CONNECTION

The sensor supports UDP via Ethernet in a Local Area Network (LAN). Communication over low bandwidth environments or routed networks such as the world wide web are not supported.

Features:

- Ethernet standards IPv4, ARP, IGMP, IP multicast and UDP
- Support of DHCP
- smartmicro's proprietary communication protocol "smartmicro transport protocol" with:
 - o IP/UDP Multicast based discovery protocol
 - o Client ID based setup
 - o Sensor data transmission



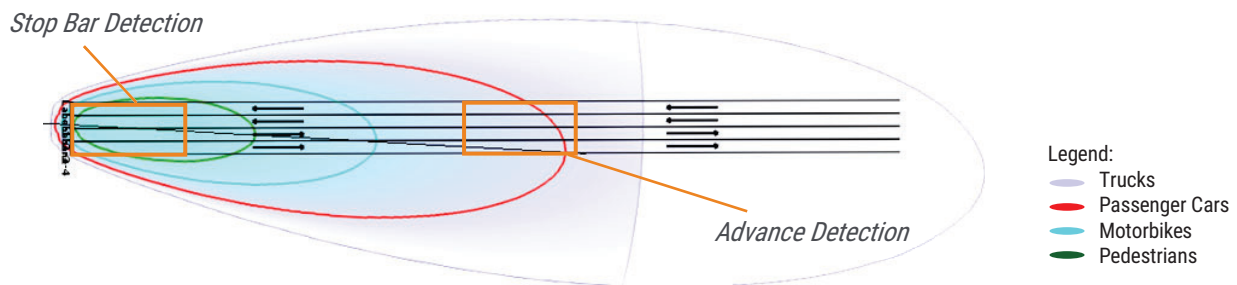
4 APPLICATION-SPECIFIC CHARACTERISTICS

The sensor can be used for the following different applications: intersection management, arterial management and enforcement.

4.1 INTERSECTION MANAGEMENT

At intersections the sensor is typically used for combined stop bar detection (true presence detection) and lane-specific advance detection (exploiting the long-range). Other features of the sensor are:

- Queue length measurement
- Custom trigger conditions (e.g. location, vehicle speed, classification)
- ETA measurement
- Speed measurement



Standard configuration:

Parameter	Typical Values (min...max.)
Mounting Height ¹²	6m (1...10m) 20ft (3...33ft)
Angle ¹³	Sensor Azimuth Angle -12° (-15...+15°)
	Sensor Elevation Angle ¹⁴ -4° (-9...0°)
Stop Bar Distance ^{15, 16}	30m (20...50m) 98ft (66...164ft)
Advance Detection Distance ¹⁶	120m (50...180m) 394ft (164...591ft)
Further Information	
Cycle Time	75ms

¹² The mounting height may affect the maximum detection range. Occlusion needs to be considered.

¹³ The best performance is typically achieved at the center of the given angular range.

¹⁴ These values are application specific. For gantry montage a steeper elevation angle is possible but limiting the maximum range. A negative elevation angle means that the sensor is pointing towards the road.

¹⁵ Do not use stop bar distances below 20m (at max. sensor elevation mounting angle -9°).

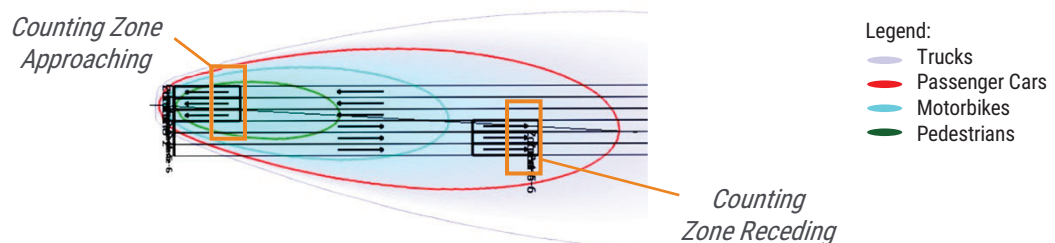
¹⁶ Outside the recommended range, vehicle drops are more likely.

4.2 ARTERIAL MANAGEMENT

On highways and country roads, the sensor can be utilized to count and classify traffic. Usually, statistic details are selected and reported in configurable intervals. Otherwise, already collected statistic data can be retrieved in push mode. Every vehicle can be displayed as per vehicle record (PVR) in real-time.

Other features of the sensor are wrong way detection, support of incident detection and speed measurement. The sensor delivers the following data:

- Classification
- Volume
- Occupancy
- Average speed
- Vehicle presence
- 85 percentile speed
- Headway
- Gap
- Wrong-way detection



Standard configuration:

Parameter		Typical Values (min...max.)
Mounting Height ¹⁷		6m (4...10m) 20ft (13...33ft)
Angle ¹⁸	Sensor Azimuth Angle	-12° (-15...+15°)
	Sensor Elevation Angle ¹⁹	-4° (-9...0°)
Counting Line Distance ²⁰	Approaching	20-40m (20m...50m) 66-131ft (66...164ft)
	Receding	80-100m (50m...105m) 262-328ft (164...344ft)
Setback		1m (0...10m) 3ft (0...33ft)
Further Information		
Counting Accuracy ²¹		> 95%
Classification Accuracy ²¹		> 80%
Cycle Time		75ms
Classes		7 (Pedestrian, Bicycle, Motorbike, Passenger Car, Transporter, Truck/Bus, Long Truck)

¹⁷ The mounting height may affect the maximum detection range. Occlusion needs to be considered.

¹⁸ The best performance is typically achieved at the center of the given angular range.

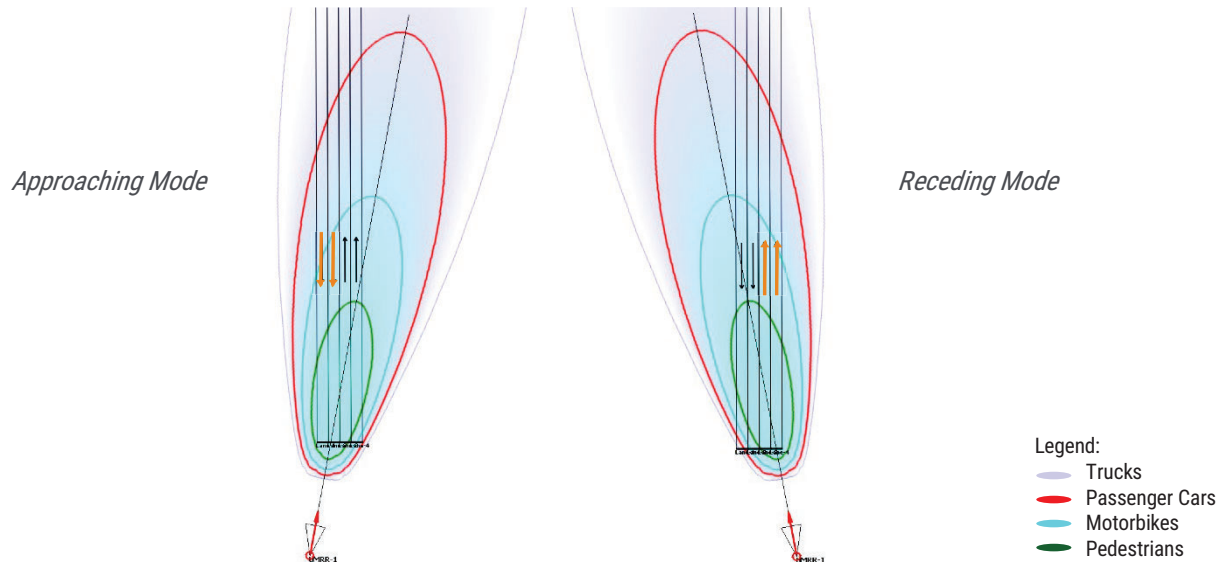
¹⁹ These values are application-specific. For gantry montage a steeper elevation angle is possible but limiting the maximum range. A negative elevation angle means that the sensor is pointing towards the road.

²⁰ Outside the recommended range, vehicle drops are more likely.

²¹ This is a typical value for a sensor that is properly installed at a suitable location. The counting and classification accuracy mainly depend on the mounting height and the traffic density as well as other factors.

4.3 TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT

For traffic enforcement purposes the sensor can be used for combined lane-specific speed and red-light enforcement. The sensor can track 64 objects simultaneously²².



Standard configuration:

Parameter		Typical Values (min...max.)	
		Approaching Mode	Receding Mode
Mounting Height ²³		4/6m (1...10m) 13/20ft (0...33ft)	4m (1...10m) ²³ 13ft (3...33ft)
Angle ²⁴	Sensor Azimuth Angle	-12° (-35...+35°)	12° (-35...+35°)
	Sensor Elevation Angle ²⁵	-6° (-9...0°)	-6° (-9...0°)
Photo Trigger Distance ²⁶		30m (20...50m) 98ft (66...164ft)	45m (20...50m) 148ft (66...164ft)
Further Information			
Speed Accuracy ²⁷		< ±0.28m/s ±1% (bigger of)	
Track Initialization Time		6...10 cycles	
Cycle Time		58ms	

²² Up to 126 objects can be tracked using a special firmware.

²³ The mounting height may affect the maximum detection range. Occlusion needs to be considered.

²⁴ The best performance is typically achieved at the center of the given angular range.

²⁵ These values are application specific. For gantry montage a steeper elevation angle is possible but limiting the maximum range. A negative elevation angle means that the sensor is pointing towards the road.

²⁶ Outside the recommended range, vehicle drops are more likely.

²⁷ The speed accuracy is measured on an object having a constant radial speed, at bore sight.

5 COMPLIANCES

The sensor model complies with the following EU directives:

- RED 2014/53/EU
- RoHS 2011/65/EU
- EC 1907/2006 REACH

Applied Standards:

- Spectrum Usage:
 - o EN 300 440 V2.1.1
- EMC:
 - o EN 301 489-1 V2.2.0
 - o EN 301 489-3 V2.1.1
- Health and Safety:
 - o EN 62311: 2008
 - o EN 62368-1: 2014 + AC: 2015

Regarding operating conditions like temperature, vibration etc., this sensor model was tested and certified by independent test labs to comply with:

- NEMA TS-2 2003

Regarding spectrum usage, this sensor model was tested and certified by independent test labs (formally approved by a test lab or notified body):

- EU RED directive
- FCC part 15.245 and 15.249
- RSS-310
- RSS-210

This sensor model is also generally compliant with the following regional regulations (but may not be formally tested/approved):

- SRRC
- KCC
- MIIT
- NCC

Note: This statement of compliance means that the sensor allows operation compliant to the listed standards. However, not all standards are certified through test labs. Formal frequency approval or registration is not accomplished for all countries. In certain countries or regions, a customer-specific local frequency approval is reasonable. smartmicro supports customers throughout this process.

For certain configurations of this sensor the accuracy of speed and other measured values was tested by the Swiss Federal Institute of Metrology METAS.

This device is NOT compliant to ISO IEC62443, to the EU CRA or similar international regulations. This device features an Ethernet port and/or WIFI connectivity. It is explicitly NOT INTENDED to be connected to the Internet or any other, unprotected network. The built-in connectivity is intended to be used exclusively for on-site use, or for use in a protected, proprietary user network. The user remains in charge to comply with any cyber-security and related regulations to protect the device from misuse on-site and in the user's network.

6 LEGAL DISCLAIMER NOTICE

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